



SGET Wets SGET GET FIT SGETTING THE MOST from your aquatic session



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Objectives:



- Clarify what 'aqua fitness' means and how you can best achieve your fitness goals in the pool.
- Discuss how your aqua fitness instructor helps you & how you can help your instructor!
- Practice Power Posture.
- Explore useful facts about aqua fitness.





What is Aqua Fitness?

- Fitness activities in the water performed in vertical or near vertical body alignment.
- Group or individual exercise.
- Many types of aqua fitness exist, from therapeutic, gentle exercise, to high-intensity athletic training!







Who Does Aqua Fitness Serve?







Examples of Aqua Fitness Classes:

- General aqua fitness
- AquaBility: adapted classes
- Ai Chi: like Tai Chi in the pool
- Strength & Stretch: in warm pools
- AquaCycling: on aquatic cycles
- Interval training: harder work + active recovery
- AQXonFloats: working on mats or SUP boards
- AquaTots: infants on floats carers exercising



Swimming Involves the Following:



Swimming:

- Horizontal body alignment.
- Swimming requires specific skills to stroke, breathe, and travel.
- Swim strokes are designed to be streamlined and efficient.
- Typically, there are many repetitions of the same arm and leg actions.
- Swimming can be leisurely, or athletic.
- Fitness levels can be improved.
- Swimming can be done for fitness or rehab.



Aqua Fitness Compared to Swimming:



Aqua Fitness:

- Usually, exercises are done vertically (not horizontally).
- Breathing is important, but does not have to be coordinated with movements.
- Skills must be developed to stabilize the core (torso), and move limbs as vigorously as desired.
- There is greater variety of limb movement (planes & activities).
- Not streamlined or efficient: movements are intended to be turbulent and in-efficient, because this expends energy.
- Fitness levels can be improved.
- Aqua fitness can be done for fitness or rehab.

What Else is Unique About Aqua Fitness?



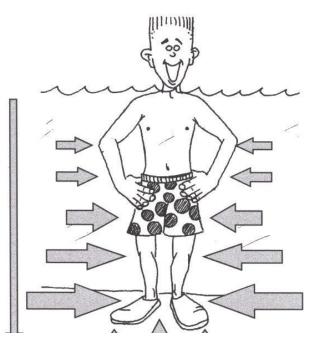
Vertical Immersion Affects Circulation

- The water presses in on the body Hydrostatic Pressure (HP)
- Deeper parts of the body experience more pressure than areas near the surface (HP gradient).

Hydrostatic pressure increases with water depth

- HP gradient causes blood and fluids to move upward, toward the surface.
- Circulation is improved; swollen joints shrink and move better, the heart is stretched, and beats more efficiently!

Hyrdostatic Pressure





What is Unique About Aqua Fitness?



Vertical Immersion Affects Kidney Function

- Increased fluid in the thorax = increased urine output (your body perceives it has too much fluid, so tries to get rid of it).
- Immersed to the neck, standing vertically, urine production increases by about 7X.
- Therefore, your bladder fills up quickly.
- Classes longer than 30 45 minutes exceed bladder capacity!
- You MUST hydrate before, during and after vertical aquatic exercise!

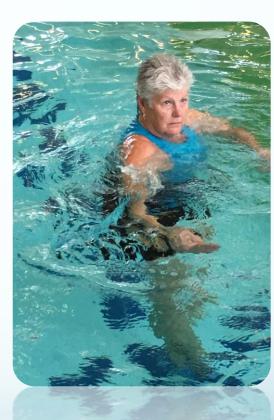






Aqua Fit Facts: Resistance

- Resistance felt in the water is a result of the way you stabilize your torso and how vigorously you move your limbs.
- **Resistance** can be **gentle** when you move slowly and without force.
- Resistance can be very intense when you move powerfully through a large range of motion.
- To *optimize resistance*, move your limbs as powerfully as possible with a stable core.







Aqua Fit Facts: Overload

Exercise intensity in the water is easy to customize to meet your needs, from gentle, to very intense.

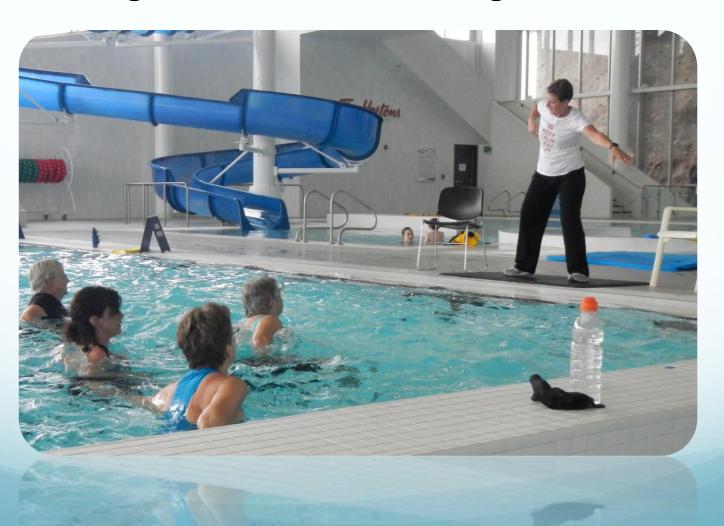
- The body gets stronger in response to doing more than it is used to doing. This is called: 'overload'.
- Without overload, fitness improvements do not occur.
- You might maintain your current level of fitness, but you won't progress your fitness without pushing your boundaries.
- Work to achieve "comfortable fatigue" not pain.





What does Overload Feel Like?

Breathing Harder
 Muscle Fatigue
 NOT PAIN!





More Aqua Fit Facts:



- To optimize overload, aqua fitness participants need to learn to stabilize the core, then move their limbs with power, purpose, and the fullest possible range of motion.
- Your instructor is well-trained and qualified to help you optimize your technique to achieve results.
- The first muscle you must engage is the one between your ears!





How to Modify Intensity:



Surface Area Factors (SAF):

- Hand Shapes: Slice, Fist, Flat-Fist, Flat Hand
- Lever Lengths: Long, medium, short (arms / legs)

Range of Motion (ROM):

Larger ROM = more work done

Speed of Motion (SOM):

- Faster = Harder, but...
- Speed reduces ROM keep ROM large!

More REPS & Less Rest Between Sets

Hand Shapes:











Movement Modifications: 4 Buoyancy Options



- Anchored: One foot always solidly on the floor. Anchoring requires excellent core control – slower movement.
- Unweighted: Supported by the water, light floor contact. Requires
 excellent core control very little loading of weight-bearing
 structures (less loading than anchored).
- Light Bounce: Typical movements, allowing buoyancy to cause natural 'bounce' in movements. More joint loading; less core control.
 People may have to do this until they learn other options.
- Suspended: No floor contact. No loading of weight-bearing structures. Requires excellent core control to maintain good vertical (or deliberately slightly inclined) alignment.
 - Requires appropriate fitting / use of floatation devices for most ("T" Test will establish flotation needs). Wave Rider is great!



Aqua Fitness Myth Busters



- Aqua fitness is about relaxing! (It might be, but...)
- It's MY class. I paid for it. If I want to spend most of the time visiting with my friends, that's up to me. (Aqua FITNESS?)
- Our chatting is our business and doesn't affect anyone else.
 (Would you behave this way in a theatre or church service?)





Workload: It's up to YOU!





YOU generate your workload by moving powerfully with a strong stable core!

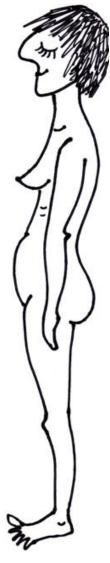
Your overload is created by the quality & quantity of your movement.



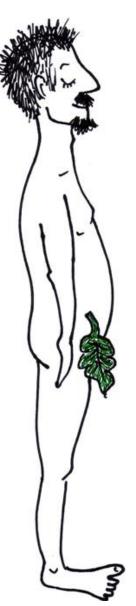
Concentration is required to stabilize your core and move appropriately to create your desired overload.







Power





More Myth Busters:



- You can't injure yourself in the water.
- Aqua fitness participants are the best people to decide what equipment and exercises suit their classes.
- Paddling around with a noodle under your arms is a great way to spend your time in the pool.
- Extra equipment (like large, buoyant aquatic dumbbells) is required to achieve any real intensity in aqua fitness classes.





How Your Instructor Helps You:





- People need to *learn* to move well... good limb movement is not possible without a stable core.
- Many people need encouragement to *maintain* good quality movement for a long enough interval to improve muscular endurance and strength.
- Overload is a combination of intensity and duration of movement.



How Your Instructor Helps You:





- You cannot see yourself moving in the water: Core alignment, core stability, and quality of limb movement can all be improved with coaching.
- Your instructor is trained to help you optimize your technique and maintain your movement focus to achieve the results you seek.



How Can You Get the Best Results?



- Use powerful, BIG movements.
- Use long levers and bigger hand shapes.
- Maintain range of motion when you increase speed. If you decrease range, you decrease work done.
- Powerful limb movement is not possible without a stable core.



How Can You Get the Best Results?



- Focus on yourself, not others: your alignment & technique determine your workload and results!
- Focus on your instructor's cues: watch, listen, and give your best effort.
- Ask questions: "How could I improve...?"



Keys to Success:







- Use powerful, BIG movements. Use long levers and bigger hand shapes.
- Maintain range of motion when you increase speed. If you decrease range, you decrease work done.
- Good limb movement is not possible without a stable core.





How Can You Get the Best Results?





- Check out two free, helpful courses on line:
 - www.FortheLoveofFit.Thinkific.com/cour ses/success-tips-for-aquatic-clients
 - www.FortheLoveofFit.Thinkific.com/courses/t he-back-whisperer





Additional Questions

- Why do I need to shower before I go in the pool?
- Why does the pool feel warm one day and cold the next?
- Why does my skin feel itchy after being in the pool?
- What are my bathing suit options?
- Why is it so hard to stay in one place during aqua fit class?
- Why do I feel so uncoordinated in class?





Why do I need to shower before I go in the pool?

- ✓ Public Health regulation
- √ Water chemistry balance
- ✓ Showering removes sweat, lotions, organic matter





Why does the pool feel warm one day and cold the next?

- √ Your body temperature
- √ The weather outside
- ✓ Room temperature ideally 2 degrees warmer than the water but at a maximum of 86 F





Why does my skin feel itchy after being in the pool?

- √ Skin sensitivity, Eczema
- √ Time of year
- ✓ Medication changes
- Shower with soap immediately after bathing
- Use lotion after bathing
- Hydrate! Drink water





What are my bathing suit options?

- √ 100% polyester
- √ Consider 2 pc suits for "easier access"
- ✓ Rash guard shirt and shorts dedicated for pool use





Why is it so hard to stay in one place during aqua fit class?

- √ Water is not still
- ✓ Size of class causing additional turbulence
- ✓ Learning to anchor using core muscles





Why do I feel so uncoordinated in class?

- √ It is NEW to your brain, and muscles
- √ Water immersion and the 3D affect
- ✓ This is common to ALL people of ALL fitness abilities





What are Your Aqua Fitness Goals? Questions?

